Session on telemedicine

Objective:

- to discuss the use of telemedicine in drug treatment
- how telemedicine is defined in practice
- what has changed with COVID-19
- what are the challenges for data collection

Structure of the session

 Four presentations: overview ("the post COVID era"), research and practice, the experience during the lockdown, the actual trends and challenges for data collection

Breakout sessions (20')

- What is the experience with telemedicine in your country and how has this changed with the COVID-19 containment measures?
- Do you collect data on drug treatment (clients and interventions) via telemedicine and what are the challenges for data collection and monitoring



EMCDDA publications on telemedicine

- m-Health applications for responding to drug use and associated harms – EMCDDA paper (2018)
- Health and social responses to drug problems. A European guide (2017)
- E-health and m-health. Using new technologies to respond to drug problems. Background paper to the HSRG (2017)
- Internet based treatment-POD (2014)
- Internet-based drug treatment interventions Insight (2009)



Best practice portal

- Telemedicine-delivered treatment interventions for substance use disorders — evidence summary
- Studies examined suggest this type of intervention is an effective alternative, particularly where face-to-face treatment is less available, but more research is needed on their effectiveness
- On-going project on Co-producing a Framework for Digital Healthcare in Addictions Services DADE (Digital AdDictions services)



TDI Protocol ver. 3.0

Temporary changes introduced on 23/3/2020

Exclusion criteria

- Sporadic interventions not included in a planned programme
- Contacts in which drug use is not the main reason for seeking help
- Contacts with general services involving requests for social assistance only

Contacts only by telephone or letter (to be included)

- Contact with the family or other persons who are not the drug users him/herself only
- Imprisonment, per se
- **Treatment by Internet only (to be included)**
- Services providing needles exchange only.



Telemedicine at the time of COVID-19

https://www.emcdda.europa.eu/system/files/publications/13073/EMCDDA-Trendspotter-Covid-19_Wave-1-2.pdf

- Telemedicine by phone or video widely embraced across European as an alternative to face to face treatment
- Especially beneficial for people with less severe forms of drug use
- Type of interventions:
- psychological counselling
- first service contacts
- long-term stable OST clients
- phone helplines/online harm reduction forums for recreational users

Numbers of face-to-face and phone consultations in Riga - March -April 2020

